## WHAT SHOULD I EAT?!

## **OUR 3-STEP GUIDE FOR CHOOSING** THE BEST FOODS FOR YOUR BODY

This easy-to-use chart shows you how to make healthier nutrition choices for achieving your goals, while still enjoying the foods you love.



#### **KNOW YOUR FOODS**

Nutritional value varies, but don't think of food as "good" or "bad". Seeing it on a spectrum from "eat more" to "eat less" helps you make better choices without branding anything off-limits.

### **EAT MORE**

#### **PROTEIN**



Eggs and egg whites



Fish



Shellfish

Turkey



Chicken

Pork



Duck breast



and thighs



Lean beef



Bison







Wild game



Lamb

goat, camel, kangaroo, crocodile, horse

#### CARBS



Beans



Steel-cut, rolled,

and old-fashioned

and lentils



Quinoa



Whole-grain, black, and wild rice



Farro

Amaranth



Millet



Plain non-Greek yogurt



**Potatoes** 

Buckwheat

Sorghum

Plain kefir

#### **FATS**





olive oil





Avocado and avocado oil



Walnut oil





Cheese, aged > 6 months



Marinades and

Egg yolks



Seeds: chia. flax. hemp, pumpkin and sesame



Cashews



**Pistachios** 



Almonds



Brazil nuts



**Pecans** 



Plain Greek yogurt



Cultured cottage cheese



Tempeh



#### Lentils and beans

These are protein for plant-based eaters and meatless meals, otherwise, they're considered sources of carbohydrates.

consider limiting red meat to ~18oz (or 4 palms) per week or less.



Fresh and frozen fruit



Corn

Whole or sprouted grain

bagels, breads, English muffins, pastas, and wraps



Barley



Peanuts & natural peanut butter



Olives



Pesto made with extra virgin olive oil



Insects



Sweet potatoes



Taro



Yuca



Nut butters from other nuts in this category



unprocessed coconut

Prioritize fresh, lean, minimally processed sources of protein, and Focus on whole, minimally

processed sources of carbohydrates that pack lots of nutrition and fiber, and include a mix of starches and colorful fruits.

Aim for a mix of whole-food fats (like nuts and seeds), blended whole foods (like nut butters), and pressed oils (like olive and avocado).

### **EAT SOME**

#### **PROTEIN**



Uncultured cottage cheese



Medium-lean meats



Tofu



Edamame



Instant or flavored oats



Milk

White rice

**CARBS** 



Granola

Vegetable juices



Flavored



**Pancakes** and waffles



Coconut

oil / milk

algae oil



Virgin and light olive oil



canola oil



Sesame oil



Flaxseed oil





Canadian



Meat jerky



Poultry sausage

bacon



Minimally processed lean deli meat



Protein powders



Couscous

Flavored yogurt



kefir

Whole-grain Oat-based crackers granola bars





Canned, dried, and pureed unsweetened fruit



White bagels, breads, English muffins, pastas, and wraps

#### **FATS**





Expeller pressed





peanut butter



Cream



Dark chocolate



in this category



Cheese aged <6 months



Flavored nuts and nut butters



Trail mix

Often rich in carbohydrates as well, with sources of varying quality.



High oleic safflower oil



High oleic sunflower oil

These naturally-bred oils are high in heart-healthy monounsaturated fats and contain little saturated fats and no trans fats.

### **EAT LESS**

#### **PROTEIN**

Fried meats



Chicken fingers, nuggets, and wings



High fat ground meat



High-fat sausages



Processed SOY



Processed deli meats



Protein bars



Pepperoni sticks



High-mercury fish

#### **CARBS**



Cereal bars



Fruit juices



Flavored milk



Honey, molasses, syrups, & jellies



Canned, dried, and pureed fruit with added sugar





Crackers



**Pretzels** 



Soda

Foods with 10+g added sugar





Chips



Fries



Candy bars



Donuts





Cookies



**Pastries** 



Muffins



Cakes

These foods are also rich sources of fats, so be mindful of both their carbohydrate and fat content.

#### **FATS**



Bacon





Sausage

Also sources of protein, though usually higher in less desirable fats.



Butter





Margarine



cheese



Corn oil





Cottonseed oil Sunflower oil



Canola oil



Soybean oil



Safflower oil



Marinades and dressings with oils in this category



Vegetable oil



Fat-rich foods with 10+ g added sugar



Hydrogenated oils and trans fats

Shortening



#### Alcohol

### **VEGETABLES**

Veggies of varying colors provide different nutrients and health benefits.

So make it a point to "eat the rainbow"!



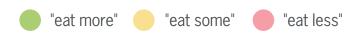
Eating a variety of colorful fruit and starchy vegetables (like potatoes) also helps you "eat the rainbow", though these foods live in the carbohydrate category.

Not a veggie lover? Add herbs, spices, and aromatics, which enhance flavor and provide additional health benefits.

To learn how, check out www.precisionnutrition.com/create-the-perfect-meal-infographic and www.precisionnutrition.com/dont-like-vegetables-infographic

### **BASE FOOD CHOICES ON YOUR GOALS**

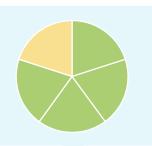
The proportions of your food intake that come from the "eat more", "eat some", and "eat less" categories will depend on how you eat now, and what your goals are.











#### THESE PROPORTIONS MAY WORK FOR YOU IF...

- you want to generally improve your health.
- you're new to exercise or exercise moderately.
- you want to look, feel, and perform better.
- you want to significantly improve your health.
- you exercise moderately, or are training for an event like a half-marathon or obstacle course.
- you want to look, feel, and perform a little better than average.
- you want to significantly improve your health, or maintain a high degree of health.
- you are training for a major athletic event like a marathon or ultramarathon.
- you want above-average body composition, athletic performance, and/or recovery.
- you love eating this way. (This routine won't make you much healthier.)
- you're preparing for a bodybuilding, physique, or elite athletic competition.
- you are paid for your body's looks or performance.



# ADJUST FOR YOUR PREFERENCES AND LIFESTYLE

Your "eat more", "eat some", and "eat less" list is unique to you and may evolve as your goals, likes, and dislikes shift over time. Use the table below to note your preferred foods.

### **CREATE YOUR OWN SPECTRUM**

| PROTEIN                                | CARBS                                  | FATS                                   | VEGGIES                         |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| Green foods I like<br>or want to try:  | Green foods I like<br>or want to try:  | Green foods I like<br>or want to try:  | Red, orange and yellow veggies: |
| 1                                      | 1                                      | 1                                      | 1                               |
| 2                                      | 2                                      | 2                                      | 2                               |
| 3                                      | 3                                      | 3                                      | 3                               |
| 4                                      | 4                                      | 4                                      | 4                               |
| Yellow foods<br>I want to incorporate: | Yellow foods<br>I want to incorporate: | Yellow foods<br>I want to incorporate: | Green, blue and purple veggies: |
| 1                                      | 1                                      | 1                                      | 1                               |
| 2                                      | 2                                      | 2                                      | 2                               |
| 3                                      | 3                                      | 3                                      | 3                               |
| Red foods<br>I want to indulge in:     | Red foods<br>I want to indulge in:     | Red foods<br>I want to indulge in:     | White veggies:                  |
| 1                                      | 1                                      | 1                                      | 1                               |
| 2                                      | 2                                      | 2                                      | 2                               |

### **HOW TO ADD FOODS TO THE SPECTRUM**

At some point, you're going to want to eat foods that aren't on our spectrums. Here's how to categorize them.

### FIRST, FIGURE OUT THE MACRO CATEGORY:



• Which macronutrient delivers the majority of the calories? Classifying a food as the macronutrient that delivers the most calories is generally a safe bet.



• Which eating style do you follow?

For example, with most approaches, butternut squash would count as a veggie.

For someone eating low-carb or keto, it might be a source of carbohydrates.



How is this food commonly eaten?
 Perhaps as a protein, starchy side, or fat-rich topping?

### NOW, DETERMINE ITS PLACE ON THE SPECTRUM:

#### How close is it to a whole food?

Generally, the more processed a food, the further it moves toward "eat less".







### REMEMBER, YOU'RE THE BOSS

We've given you some ideas to get started. But YOU know best what works for you. Sustainable nutrition always prioritizes:



the foods and flavors you truly enjoy,



the things you know how to cook or prep,



and the portions that make sense for YOU.

